



Your Message Matters:

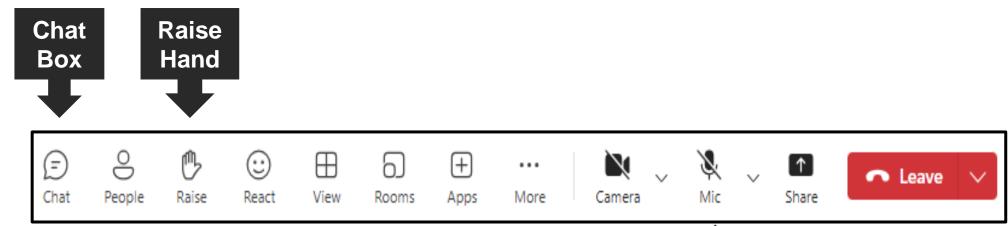
Creating and Submitting Material

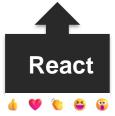
Bureau of Substance Abuse Prevention and Control Los Angeles County Department of Public Health





Microsoft Team - Buttons











AGENDA

- 01 Materials Review Guidelines
- 02 Materials Review Form
- Materials Review Checklist: What We're Looking For
- 04 Design Platforms
- Requesting Promotional Items and Prevention Material





Materials Review Guidelines





Material Review Guidelines

All material intended for public distribution must be submitted for review <u>prior</u> to release. This includes but not limited to:

- Flyers
- PowerPoints
- Press releases
- Brochures
- Social media postings

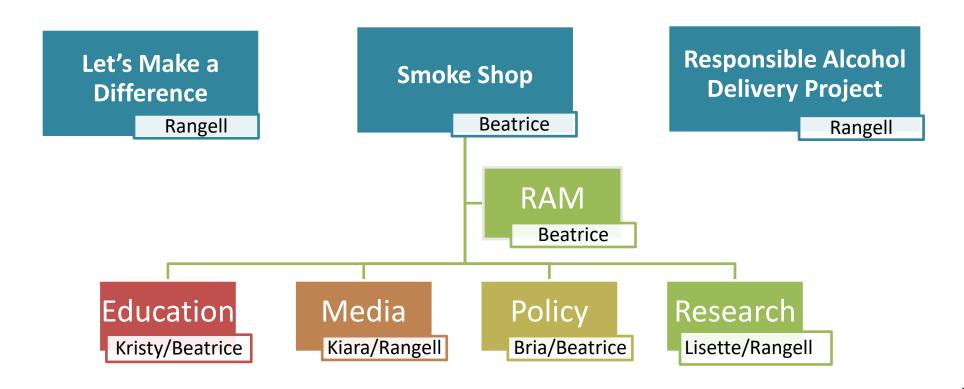
- Video/radio PSAs
- Infographics
- Survey tools*





Material Review Guidelines

All material needs to be submitted to your assigned Prevention Specialist <u>except</u> when it's material specific to the 3 initiatives and RAM.

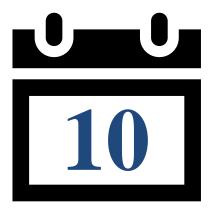






Submission Timeline Requirements

- All material must be submitted at least 10 business days prior to the intended use date
- For translations, material must be submitted at least 3 weeks early – translations can take up to 2 weeks to process







Translations Timeline

English version finalized

 Provider will need to request the finalized version to be translated

Prevention team submits request

• Supervisor reviews and approves request

Communications/
Plain Language
Check

• Is messaging compliant/written in plain language

Translations Team

 Processing time: 2 weeks from receipt





Materials Review Form







Updates

Format

Approved material is valid for 1 year unless modified

Checklist included





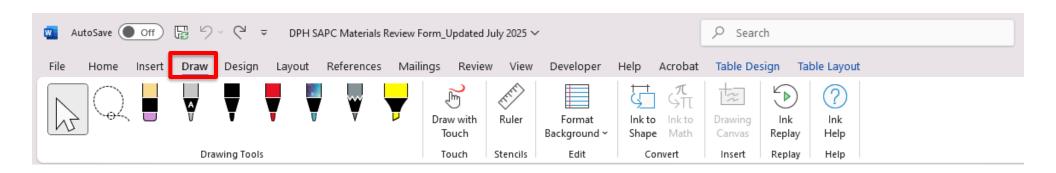
Materials Review Form – 1st Page

Materials Review Form Approval of Materials Developed for Public Distribution											
Agency Name Click h			e to enter text.				Contract Type			Click here to enter text.	
Contact Name		Click here	Click here to enter text.				E-mail Click			ck here to enter text.	
Submission Date Click to e			iter a date.			Request	uested Distribution Date			Click to enter a date.	
Type of N	Material:										
□ Brochure				□ Press Rel						PowerPoint Presentation	
	Newspaper Article	9		☐ PSA or Video Cli			Clip			Posters	
	Policy/Ordinance			☐ Social Media Posting						Survey Tool*	
	Other	[insert desc	<u> </u>								
* If a surv Review be		submitted fo	r review, ple	ease c	ompl	ete the Su	ıpplemei	ntal Ques	stion	naire for Survey Tool	
SAPC Sh	ort-Term Objec	tive	[Select Cou	unty Go	al and	d Objective]					
Provider	Short-Term Ob	jective									
Briefly describe the purpose of the material(s) and how it will be used to impact the provider short-term objective:											
By signing below, you are indicating that the attached document(s) follows all agency policies and procedures and comply with the General Review Criteria outlined in SAPC's Approval of Materials Developed for Public Distribution procedure.											
Signature					Date			Click to enter a date.			
Previo	□ No □ If ye						I Minor (formatting, date, etc.) ☐ Major (content, structure, etc.)				
Supplemental Questionnaire for						e for Sur	vey Too	l Reviev	V		
Briefly describe the population you are targeting for completion of this survey:											
How/where will you be recruiting participants to complete your survey?						e					
3. Will you be providing incentives for the completion of this survey? If so, please describe the amount and type.						is					
4. What will you do with the information collected through this survey?											





Signing the Form







Signing the Form







Signing the Form







Materials Review Form – 1st Page

Materials Review Form Approval of Materials Developed for Public Distribution											
Agency Name Click her			ere to enter text.				Co	Contract Type		Click here to enter text.	
Contact Name Clic		Click he	lick here to enter text.				E-mail Cli			ck here to enter text.	
Submission Date Click		Click to	ck to enter a date.			Request	quested Distribution Date			Click to enter a date.	
Type of Material:											
□ Brochure				□ Press R			elease			PowerPoint Presentation	
□ Newspaper Article				☐ PSA or Video			eo Clip \Box			Posters	
	Policy/Ordinance				Soc	ial Media P	osting			Survey Tool*	
	Other	[insert de	scription]	<u></u>							
* If a survey tool is being submitted for review, please complete the Supplemental Questionnaire for Survey Tool Review below.								naire for Survey Tool			
SAPC Sh	ort-Term Objec	tive	[Select Co	unty Go	al and	l Objective]					
Provider	Short-Term Ob	jective									
Briefly describe the purpose of the material(s) and how it will be used to impact the provider short-term objective:											
By signing below, you are indicating that the attached document(s) follows all agency policies and procedures and comply with the General Review Criteria outlined in SAPC's Approval of Materials Developed for Public Distribution procedure.											
Signature Program Director								Date Click to enter a date.			
Previously Approved? Yes □ No □ If y				s, plea	se ind					o changes) Capta Major (content, structure, etc.)	
Supplemental Questionnaire for							vey Too	Reviev	٧		
Briefly describe the population you are targeting for completion of this survey:											
How/where will you be recruiting participants to complete your survey?					е						
3. Will you be providing incentives for the completion of this survey? If so, please describe the amount and type.					s						
4. What will you do with the information collected through this survey?											





Minor Changes

These are updates that do not change the intent, meaning, or outcome of the original material:



Typographical corrections (e.g., spelling, punctuation)



Formatting adjustments (e.g., font consistency, layout)



Updated dates, location, time, or contact information



Replacing low-resolution images with higher quality versions



Adding footnotes or references





Major Changes

These are updates that affect the meaning, interpretation, or impact the original material:

Addition/changes to data or research findings

Changes to policy recommendations or conclusions

Updates that significantly alter visuals

Removal or inclusion of entire sections of content





Materials Review Form – 2nd Page

Approval Notification – For SAPC Use Only							
Signature Research Staff (if related to research/ evaluation)			Date	Click to enter a date.			
Signature Prevention Staff			Date	Click to enter a date.			
Additional Requirements for Approval:							
Click here to enter text.							
Approved Date	Click to enter a date.	Expirat	ion Date	Click to enter a date.			
Approval of Materials Developed for Public Distribution – Materials Review Form Revised 07/2/2025							





Materials Review Form – 3rd Page

Requirement	YES	NO	N/A	Pv	Comments
AUDIENCE – Is the content appropriate and releva	nt for th	e inter	ided au	dience	e
1. Material fits intended audience needs					
2. Sentences use active voice					
(e.g., We will host the event" not "The event will be					
hosted")					
3. Language uses plain language					
(Avoid technical terms, jargon, or complex wording)					
4. A multilingual plan is in place					
(available in multiple languages)	and alter		l. I		
CONTENT – Is the messaging accurate, complete, a					
5. The message is clear and easy to understand (written at a 6 th grade reading level or lower)					
6. Information is correct, up to date & complete					
7. Use frequencies (numbers), not percentages					
with relevant image					
(e.g., 3 out of 10 youth use cannabis vs. 30% of youth					
use cannabis)					
DESIGN – Is the layout visually effective, accessible					
8. The layout is clean and not crowded					
(there is space around text and images)					
9. There is adequate amount of white space					
(1" margins around text)					
10. Text is legible					
(font size, contrast, spacing)	П				
11. All capital letters are used only for headings	Ш				
and when grammatically correct (e.g., the entire document is not all capitalized)					
12. Bullets or numbers are used for lists					
(ensure consistent formatting and adequate spacing					
between each bullet for clarity and readability)					
13. Visuals are simple and uncluttered; relevant					
to the accompanying text					
14. Clear visuals used			П		
(e.g., they are not distorted, stretched, pixelated, or					
with watermarks)					
COMPLIANCE – Does the material meet legal, ethi	cal, and	organiz	zationa	stanc	dards
15. All source material is properly cited					
(includes references for all information used)					
16. Graphics, photos, logos					
(copyright issues checked; written consent is on file;					
credit is provided)					
17. Includes the required elements					
(e.g., Agency/DPH logos, etc.)	П	П	П		
18. SAPC Public Funding Disclaimer included		Ш	ш		





Materials Review Checklist: What We're Looking For







4 Key Areas

Audience

Content

Design

Compliance





4 Key Areas

Audience

Is the content appropriate and relevant for the intended audience







Audience Criteria



Material fits intended audience needs



Sentences use active voice



Language uses plain language



A multilingual plan is in place





What is Plain Language?



Applies to written and oral information



Communication that is understood the first time it's read or heard



Helps audiences find what they need, understand what they find, and act on that understanding



All the above





What is Plain Language?



Communication that is understood the first time it's read or heard





What is the main goal of using plain language?



To communicate ideas in a way that looks professional



To ensure the text uses proper grammar and formal structure

C

To make information easier for people to find, understand, and use



To simplify complex topics so they are less technical and more casual





Plain Language



To make information easier for people to find, understand, and use





Plain Language – Exercise # 1

Two doses of MMR vaccine are 97% effective at preventing measles, 1 dose is 93% effective. It is uncommon for someone fully vaccinated to develop measles. However, breakthrough infections can occur, especially in communities experiencing an outbreak where high levels of measles virus are circulating. The number of breakthrough infections (approximately 5% of total) is consistent with what we have seen in previous years. To avoid infection, it is highly suggested an individual immunize for the two doses.





Plain Language Exercise

Two doses of MMR vaccine are 97% effective at protecting against measles. Some vaccinated people can still get sick during outbreaks. Getting both doses provides you with the most protection.





Active Voice

- Subject is who or what the sentence speaks about
- Verb the action word

Passive Voice	Active Voice
The risk of lung cancer and heart disease is increased by smoking.	Smoking increases the risk of lung cancer and heart disease.
Cocaine was sold to undercover officers by the dealer.	





Multilingual Plan

- Arabic
- Armenian
- Cambodian/Khmer
- Chinese (simplified)
- Chinese (traditional)
- Farsi
- Japanese

- Korean
- Russian
- Spanish
- Tagalog/Filipino
- Vietnamese

Most used languages in LA County





4 Key Areas

Audience

Content

Design

Compliance





4 Key Areas

Content

Is the messaging accurate, complete, and aligned with key goals







Content Criteria

The message is clear and easy to understand

Information is correct, up to date, & complete

Frequencies

Percentages

(Include visual)





Choose Words Wisely

Use	Avoid			
Short sentences	Jargon			
Parallel structure	Double negatives			
Contractions	Noun strings			





Use Short Sentences

- Original: Oftentimes, there are no symptoms of breast cancer, but signs of breast cancer can include a breast lump or an abnormal mammogram.
- **Revision:** There are often no symptoms of breast cancer. Some warning signs include a breast lump or an abnormal mammogram.





Use Parallel Structure

- Original: Public health accomplishments include developing vaccinations, ensuring safer workplaces, and the control of infectious diseases.
- **Revision:** Public health accomplishments include developing vaccinations, ensuring safer workplaces, and controlling infectious diseases.





Use Contractions

- Original: Handwashing is easy to do and it is one of the best ways to prevent disease.
- Revision: Handwashing is easy to do and it's one of the best ways to prevent disease.





Avoid Jargon

- Original: The patient had a myocardial infarction.
- Revision: The patient had a heart attack.





Avoid Double Negatives

- Original: I didn't barely understand what the doctor said.
- Revision: I didn't understand what the doctor said.





Avoid Noun Strings

- Original: Children's Hospital has a hospital employee relations improvement program.
- **Revision:** Children's Hospital has a program to improve employee relations.





Step 1: Readability Reports



Click on "file"





Step 2: Readability Reports

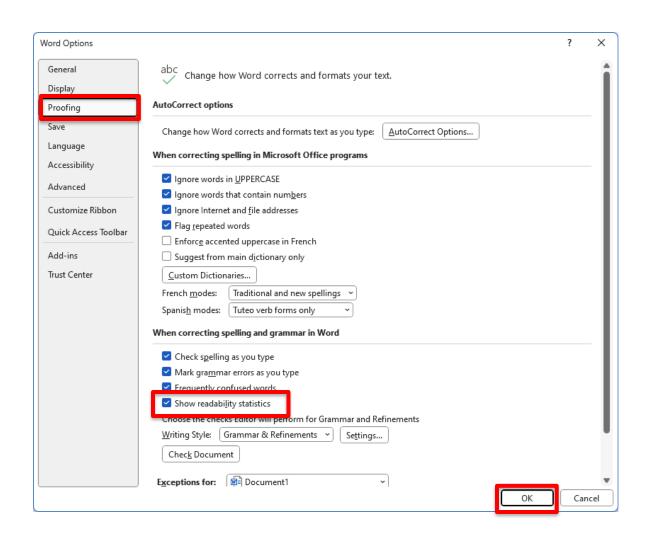


Click on "options"





Step 3: Readability Reports

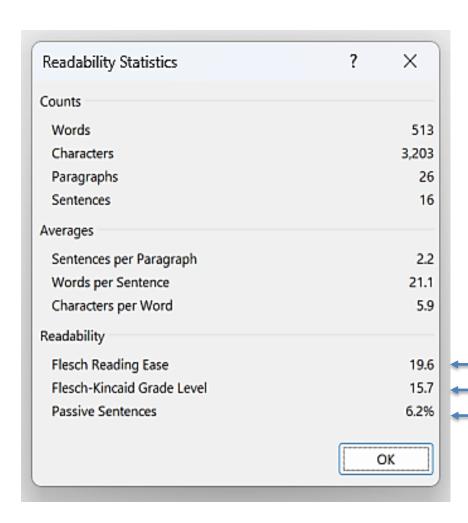


Go to the proofing section. In that section, check option which says 'Show readability statistics', and click on *OK*.





Readability Reports



60 or above 6th grade or below Below 15%





Readability Pitfalls

Fonts & color style

Layout & design

Comprehensibility

Cultural appropriateness

Graphics

Interest/enjoyment





Frequencies vs. Percentages

Frequencies	Percentages
3 out of 10 youth use cannabis	30% of youth use cannabis







Americans with Disabilities (ADA)

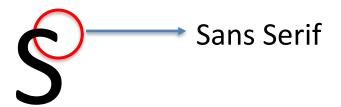
- Font size: Minimum 14 (Word) and 24 (PowerPoint)
- **Typeface:** Use sans-serif font (e.g., Arial, Calibri, Helvetica, Tahoma, or Verdana).
- Contrast ratio: Use a light-colored background with dark text and avoid red colored fonts
- Pictures, graphs, and non-text media: Provide description of the image underneath





Serif vs. Sans Serif Fonts









Sans Serif Fonts

- ARIAL This is Arial font. Count to 5... 1, 2, 3, 4, 5.
- CALIBRI This is Calibri font. Count to 5... 1, 2, 3, 4, 5.
- HELVETICA This is Helvetica font. Count to 5... 1, 2, 3, 4, 5.
- **TAHOMA** This is Tahoma font. Count to 5... 1, 2, 3, 4, 5.
- VERDANA This is Verdana font. Count to 5... 1, 2, 3, 4, 5.





Avoid These Fonts

Please do not use antique or script lettering:

- · ANTIQUE
- ANTIQUE
- ANTIQUE
- ANTIQUE
- Antique



- Script
- · Script
- Script
- **Script**
- ScriptScript





4 Key Areas

Audience

Content

Design

Compliance





4 Key Areas

Design

Is the layout visually effective, accessible, and has proper formatting







Design Criteria

- 1 Layout is clean and not crowded
- 2 Adequate amount of white space
- **3** Text is legible
- 4 Use capital letters only for headings and proper grammar
- 5 Bullets or numbers are used for lists
- 6 Visuals are simple, uncluttered, and clearly support the text





Design Criteria







Color Psychology







Using Bullets and Numbers for Lists – Avoid

- Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Maecenas porttitor congue massa.
- Nunc viverra imperdiet enim. Fusce est. Vivamus a tellus.
- Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas.





Using Bullets and Numbers for Lists – Avoid

- Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Maecenas porttitor congue massa.
- Nunc viverra imperdiet enim. Fusce est. Vivamus a tellus.
- Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas.





Using Bullets and Numbers for Lists - Do

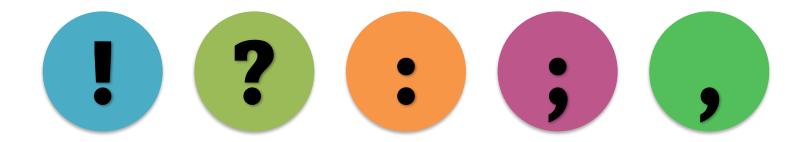
- Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Maecenas porttitor congue massa.
- Nunc viverra imperdiet enim. Fusce est. Vivamus a tellus.
- Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas.





Punctuation in Bullet Points – Do and Don't

Use punctuation	Don't use punctuation
The bullet is a complete sentence	Bullets points are incomplete sentences
It ends with a question or exclamation	They are short phrases or keywords
Multiple bullets form one continuous sentence	



NOTE: Consistency is key!





Punctuation in Bullet Points – Example

The ingredients for chocolate cookies are:

- Flour
- Butter
- Eggs
- Sugar
- Salt
- Baking soda
- Cocoa powder

The ingredients for chocolate cookies are:

- Flour,
- Butter,
- Eggs,
- Sugar,
- Salt,
- Baking soda,
- Cocoa powder.

The ingredients for chocolate cookies are:

- flour;
- butter;
- eggs;
- sugar;
- salt;
- baking soda;
- cocoa powder.





Do and Don't - Watermark

DON'T



DO







Do and Don't - Blurry/stretched

DON'T













Do and Don't - Photographs/Clipart

DON'T

DO



Teleworking

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Maecenas porttitor congue massa.

Nunc viverra imperdiet enim. Fusce est. Vivamus a tellus.

Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas.







Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Maecenas porttitor congue massa.

Nunc viverra imperdiet enim. Fusce est. Vivamus a tellus.

Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas.



COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
Public Health

Getty Image: 1550314794



Getty Image: 155031479

Getty Image: 1550314794





Do and Don't - Text Placement

DON'T











Do and Don't - Picture Placement

DON'T



Tips



Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Maecenas porttitor congue massa.

Nunc viverra imperdiet enim. Fusce est. Vivamus a tellus.

Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas.

Getty Image: 176574409

DO



Tips

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Maecenas porttitor congue massa.

Nunc viverra imperdiet enim. Fusce est. Vivamus a tellus.

Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas.



Getty Image: 176574409

Getty Image: 176574409



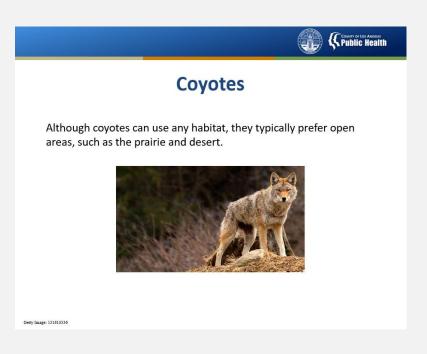


Do and Don't - Pictures with Purpose

DON'T

DO





Getty Image: 2155111596





Avoid Fear-based Images/Exaggerated Dangers







Getty Image: 178980172, 1134112743, 1452699024 [3]





4 Key Areas

Audience

Content

Design

Compliance





4 Key Areas

Compliance

Does the material meet legal, ethical, and organizational standards







Compliance Criteria

All source material is properly cited

Copyright issues

SAPC Public Funding Disclaimer





Citing References



What is Kratom

Kratom is a drug with stimulant effects (in low doses) and opioid effects (in high doses). Kratom is made from leaves from a tree native to Southeast Asia that are crushed and then smoked, brewed with tea, or placed into gel capsules. Kratom is marketed as a drug that relieves pain and helps with anxiety and depression. Additionally, kratom can be dangerous and cause harm.

Kratom Effect

Short-term adverse effects of kratom can include nausea, constipation, dizziness, and dry mouth. Kratom products are not regulated so risk containing different materials sometimes chemicals and plants that are not related to kratom. As a result, kratom's effects can vary from person to person.²

General side effects of kratom include3:

Nausea - Constipation - Dizziness - Discoloration of the cheeks - Drowsiness - Dry mouth - Euphoria - Sleep disturbances - Increased sociability - Nervousness or restlessness (increased energy and excitability) - Respiratory depression or slowed breathing - Sweating - Vioniting

Is Kratom legal?

Kratom products are not regulated at the national level and can be legally sold in states that have not banned kratom projects. Other states have county or city restrictions, such as age limits, on kratom products. While these products are widely available, none have been approved by the Federal Drug Administration (FDA)². The FDA named kratom as a substance of concern in 2022 and warms against using kratom due to the risk of opioid dependence and addiction.

You can check your state's kratom laws here: https://www.americankratom.org/aka-in-your-state

Reducing Harm When Using Kratom

If you know or suspect that your loved one is using kratom, some safety measures include:

- Don't mix it with other substances, as this can increase the chance of overdose.
- Never use alone and contact a friend who can respond in case of emergency.

Kratom Contamination

Contamination in herbal supplements like kratom includes excess traces of heavy metab and bacteria². The FDA has issued numerous warnings about kratom contamination, including on the risk of developing heavy metal toxicity and exposure to contamination from salmonella³.

For Emergendes:

Call 911

California Poison Control: 1–800–222–1222 (available 24 hours/7–days a week)

To file a complaint:

To report kratom sold in unauthorized locations: The California Department of Public Health (CDPH) at 1(800) 495-3232 or report complaint online.

For more kratom information:

https://www.samhsa.gov/ https://www.dea.gov/ https://nida.nih.gov/research-topics/kratom

More information about public health services related to substance use in LA County is accessible through the mobile-friendly RecoverLA platform: www.RecoverLA.org

Medi-Cal members can find substance use treatment services through the resources helow:

- Services and Bed Availability Tool: http://SUDHelpLA.org
- Substance Abuse Service Helpline: 1-844-804-7500

References:

- (1) http://www.fda.gov/news-events/public-health-focus/fda-and-kratom
- (2) http://nida.nih.gov/research-topics/kratom
- (3) https://www.dea.gov/sites/default/files/2020-06/Kratom-2020_0.pdf









Citing References – Flyers, Posters, etc.

What is Kratom?

Kratom is a drug with stimulant effects (in low doses) and opioid effects (in high doses)¹. Kratom is made from leaves from a tree native to Southeast Asia that are crushed and then smoked, brewed with tea, or placed into gel capsules. Kratom is marketed as a drug that relieves pain and helps with anxiety and depression. Additionally, kratom can be dangerous and cause harm.

Kratom Effects

Short-term adverse effects of kratom can include nausea, constipation, dizziness, and dry mouth. Kratom products are not regulated so risk containing different materials sometimes chemicals and plants that are not related to kratom. As a result, kratom's effects can vary from person to person.²

General side effects of kratom include3:

Nausea - Constipation - Dizziness - Discoloration of the cheeks - Drowsiness
- Dry mouth - Euphoria - Sleep disturbances - Increased sociability - Nervousness or restlessness (increased energy and excitability) - Respiratory depression or slowed breathing - Sweating - Vomiting

Is Kratom legal?

Kratorn products are not regulated at the national level and can be legally sold in states that have not banned kratorn projects. Other states have county or city restrictions, such as age limits, on kratorn products. While these products are widely available, none have been approved by the Federal Drug Administration (FDA)3. The FDA named kratorn as a substance of concern in 2022 and warns against using kratorn due to the risk of opioid dependence and addiction.

You can check your state's kratom laws here: https://www.americankratom.org/aka-in-your-state

Reducing Harm When Using Kratom

If you know or suspect that your loved one is using kratom, some safety measures include:

- Don't mix it with other substances, as this can increase the chance of overdose.
- Never use alone and contact a friend who can respond in case of emergency.

Kratom Contamination

Contamination in herbal supplements like kratom includes excess traces of heavy metals and bacteria². The FDA has issued numerous warnings about kratom contamination, including on the risk of developing heavy metal toxicity and exposure to contamination from salmonella¹.

For Emergendes:

Call 911

California Poison Control: 1-800-222-1222 (available 24 hours/7-days a week)

To file a complaint:

To report kratom sold in unauthorized locations: The California Department of Public Health (CDPH) at 1(800) 495-3232 or report complaint online.

For more kratom information:

https://www.samhsa.gov/ https://www.dea.gov/

https://nida.nih.gov/research-topics/kratom

More information about public health services related to substance use in LA County is accessible through the mobile-friendly RecoverLA platform: www.RecoverLA.org

Medi-Cal members can find substance use treatment services through the resources below:

- Services and Bed Availability Tool: http://SUDHelpLA.org
- Substance Abuse Service Helpline: 1-844-804-7500

References:

- (1) http://www.fda.gov/news-events/public-health-focus/fda-and-kratom
- (2) http://nida.nih.gov/research-topics/kratom
- (3) https://www.dea.gov/sites/default/files/2020-06/Kratom-2020_0.pdf





Citing References – Social Media Posts

TIPS FOR SAFER USE

- 1. Test your drugs
- 2. Be safer alone
- 3. Stay safe with friend
- 4. Always have naloxone

Source: https://www.fentanylfrontline.org/?hb





Citing References – PowerPoints







References

- 1. Los Angeles County Department of Public Health. Health Education Administration. Say It Right the First Time: Using Plain Language to Address Health Literacy
- National Disability Rights Network. https://www.ndrn.org/accessibility-guidelines/
- Prevention Technology Transfer Center Network. What Research Shows Does NOT Work in Substance Misuse Prevention. https://pttcnetwork.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/09/WhatDoesNOTWork 9 2024 FINAL.pdf
- 4. Prevention Standards and Practices Manual. Version 5.0
- SAPC Design Guide. Version 1.0



Choose Words Wisely

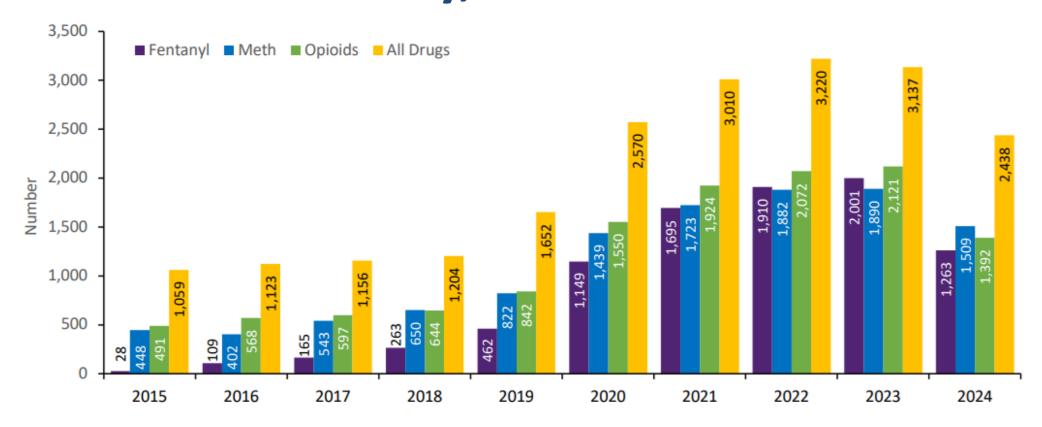
Use	Avoid
Short sentences	Jargon
Parallel structure	Double negatives
Contractions	Noun strings

]





Drug Overdose Deaths by Drug, LA County, 2015-2024



*Notes: All drug overdose deaths in this report are due to accidental drug overdose, excluding intentional overdose such as suicide. Opioids refers to accidental overdose deaths involving all opioids, including fentanyl and heroin. Meth refers to methamphetamine. All drugs refer to all accidental overdose deaths involving alcohol and/or drugs, including fentanyl, meth, and opioids.





Copyright Issues

Please ensure that all images, logos, and graphics are credited properly. Copyrighted material must have written permission or licenses on file before use.







Copyright Issues

Please ensure that all images, logos, and graphics are credited properly. Copyrighted material must have written permission or licenses on file before use.







SAPC Public Funding Disclaimer – Written

This material was made possible by funds from the Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, Substance Abuse Prevention and Control (SAPC). The messages, views, or opinions made by any of the publications, speakers, or staff do not reflect the official policy or position of any LA County Agency, including SAPC.





Placement of Disclaimer

This material was made possible by funds from the Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, Substance Abuse Prevention and Control (SAPC). The messages, views, or opinions made by any of the publications, speakers, or staff do not reflect the official policy or position of any LA County Agency, including SAPC.

Font size must be 6 pts or higher



SAPC Icon







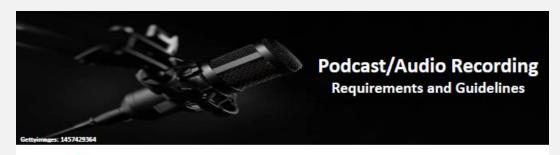
DPH Logos











Purpose:

The podcast/audio recording characteristics and education aimed at production aimed aimed

Require

Public Funding Disclaimer:
 de possible by funds from the Los And
 n, Substance Abuse Prevention and C
 inions shared in this broadcast rec
 osition of any LA County Agence

clude clear and informativ

are recom

peing shared is factual and from

cing brand names, logos, or tradema

or intermission every 10–15 min
to the topic or key points

Avoid des racism, sexism, ho.









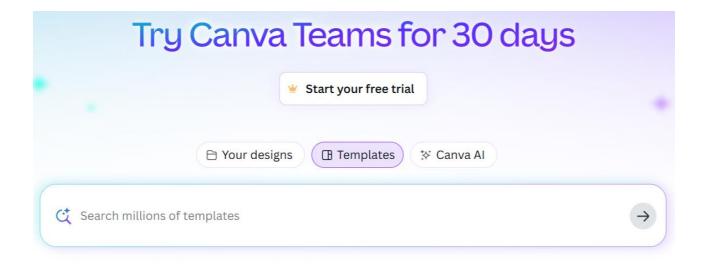
Design Platforms







Canva



Create a design

	Sheets	▲
	Docs	
	Whiteboards	ı
Ö	Presentations	ı
Q	Social media	ı
0	Photo editor	ı
D	Videos	ı
0	Print products	
	Websites	_

canva.com





Adobe Express



The quick and easy create-anything app.

Make stunning social posts, images, videos, flyers, and more with Adobe Express. Dream it. Make it. Easy.

Start 30-day free trial

Get Adobe Express Free





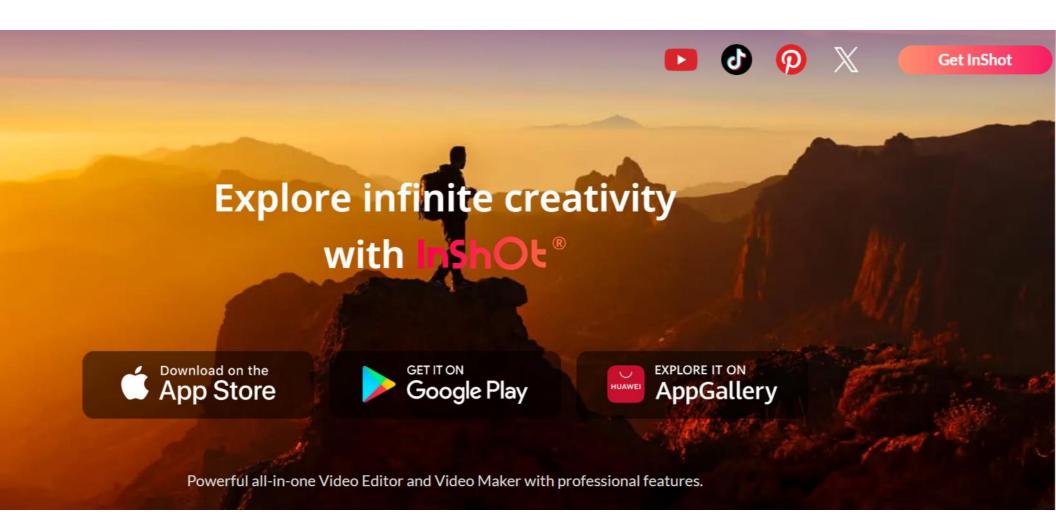








InShot







Sprout Social



Platform ^

Solutions ~

Pricing

Core features

☑ Engagement

Streamline and scale your customer care and community management

Publishing

Effortlessly plan, create, manage and deliver social content and campaigns

Drive strategic decision making across your entire business

Premium solutions

☆ Premium Analytics

Prove your social media ROI with customized data and reports

I Listening

Uncover trends and actionable insights from social conversations

Influencer Marketing

Build and manage partnerships with influencers and content creators

** Employee Advocacy

Amplify your social reach by empowering employees to become brand advocates

https://sproutsocial.com





Requesting Promotional Items and Prevention Material





Promotional Outreach Material



Keychains



Post-it



Drawstring Bags



First Aid



Notepads



Tote Bags



Magnetic Clips



Pens (stylus)

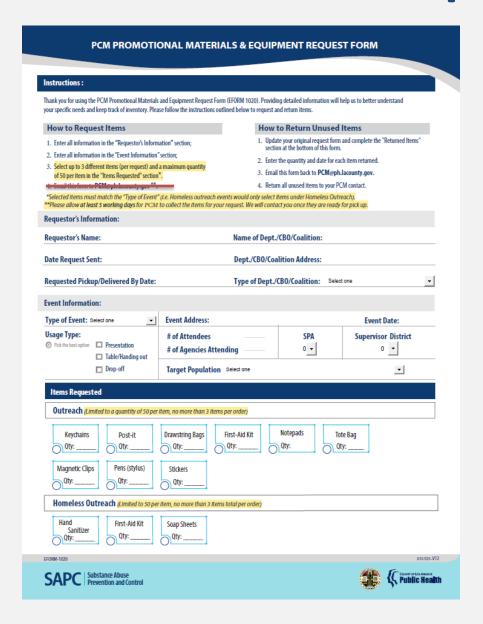


Stickers





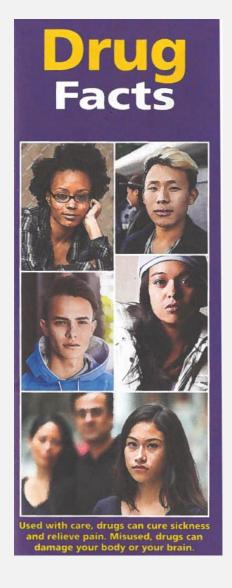
Promo Request Form

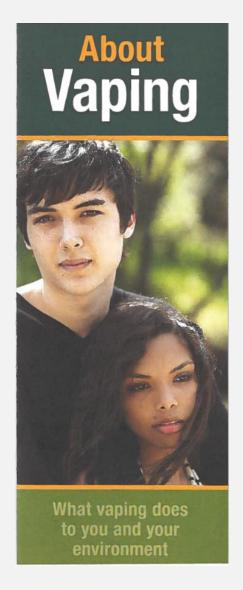


*Form must be emailed to your assigned Prevention Specialist for review/approval



















DELTA-8 THC:

WHAT IS DELTA-8 THC, AND IS IT LEGAL IN CALIFORNIA?

What is delta-8 THC?

Delta-8 THC is one of many naturally occurring chemical compounds known as cannabinoids that are found in traces of hemp and cannabis (marijuana) plants. It is psychoactive and causes an intoxicating effect. According to the U.S. FDA, delta-8 THC is not found in significant amounts in the cannabis plant, so the compound is often manufactured through a chemical conversion process from hemp-derived cannabidiol (CBD). Hemp and marijuana are essentially the same; the only difference is the amount of THC they contain. The term "hemp" is used for cannabis that contains 0.3% or less THC.

Delta-8 THC is sold in different forms: edibles such as gummies, cookies, and chips; liquids for vaping; and "flower" for smoking. They are often sold alongside hemp and CBD products in tobacco product shops, CBD shops, gas stations, and online and come in different sizes, packaging, and labeling. Delta-8 products can be labeled and packaged similarly to products that appeal to children.





Delta-8 is also known as:

delta-8-tetrahydrocannabinol (D8THC)

D8 Weed-light

WHAT IS DELTA-8 THC, AND IS IT LEGAL IN CALIFORNIA?



Is it legal to sell hemp products with a total THC concentration of more than 0.3%?

(e.g., hemp extract or flower with greater than 0.3% THC or 3 mg/g THC per gram)

No, hemp products that contain more than 0.3% THC or 3 mg per gram THC of hemp product are illegal to sell in California. If any product being sold contains hemp extract or plant material (flower) with more than 0.3% THC or 3 mg/g THC, it violates the California Industrial Hemp law.



The CA Industrial Hemp law allows naturally occurring cannabinoids from hemp, which is defined as Cannabis Sativa L. plants with less than 0.3% or 3 mg/g THC, to be contained in products.



Hemp products must not contain THC isolate (a pure and highly potent form of cannabis) as an ingredient. If hemp products contain any THC isolate, then they will be deemed adulterated products according to the CA Industrial Hemp law.



Hemp products must not contain cannabinoids that are produced through chemical synthesis (man-made).

Are there other illegal hemp products that have cannabinoid ingredients that are man-made?

Yes, many types are made and sold such as the ones below:

Delta-11 THC-0 THC-P

THCV

THC-JD

HHC-0



If you observe delta-8 products with a concentration greater than 0.3% or 3 mg/g THC, file a complaint with California Department of Public Health using https://cannabis.ca.gov/resources/file-complaint/ or call 1(800) 495-3232.



SAPC | Substance Abuse Prevention and Contro











ADULT USE AND MEDICINAL CANNABIS PACKAGING AND LABELING REQUIREMENTS

Overview

The Medicinal and Adult-Use Cannabis Regulation and Safety Act (MAUCRSA) became effective January 1, 2018. Depending on the type of operation, cannabis retailers can have Adult Use (A) or Medicinal Use (M) cannabis licenses. MAUCRSA establishes how cannabis products must be packaged and labeled. Below are guidelines to help consumers understand packaging and labeling requirements.

Packaging Requirements

All packaging for edibles must be opaque so the consumers cannot see the product.

The packaging shall include the California universal symbol. The symbol shall be black in font. This identifies the product contains cannabis.

The customer should easily be able to see if a package has been damaged, opened, or tampered with.

The size of the text on the package must be 6 point, legible, easily understood, and in English only.

All cannabis packaging is prohibited from making health claims, including claims or suggestions that the product will cure, benefit, heal, etc., an Ilness or disease.

If packaging has multiple layers, labeling requirements must be located on the inner and outer layers of the package.

If the product contains more than 1,000 mg of THC, a "Medical Use Only" sticker must be on the package within the informational panel.

Cannabis products cannot be packaged in a manner that is attractive to children (e.g., cartoon characters, imitations of candy labeling, words such as "candy" or "candies").

California state law requires that all cannabis products be in child-resistant

Single-use packaging: The package is only child-resistant before it is opened initially (one time). Once the package is opened, it is no longer considered child-resistant.

Multiple-use packaging: The package is child-resistant for its

lifetime, no matter how many times it is opened. The Consumer Product Safety Commission provides all child-resistant guidelines.

ADULT USE AND MEDICINAL CANNABIS PACKAGING AND LABELING REQUIREMENTS 02

Labeling Requirements

The label cannot include words or images that appeal to children such as a cartoon character, superhero, words like "candy" or "candies," or variations like "Kandeez."

The label must be on the outermost layer of the packaging.

The text size of the package must be in 6-point font, legible, easily understood, and in English only.

The label must contain the identity of the product.

The label must include a batch or lot number, if applicable. Batch numbers or lot numbers are numbers generated by a manufacturer that identify the items as part of a single production batch; batch numbers correspond to a manufacturer's internal batch production records.



In bold font and capital letters, the label must include the government warning statement that the product:

- **CONTAINS CANNABIS**
- Must be kept away from children
- Must only be consumed or carried by those 21 years or older (unless qualified patient)
- Has pregnancy and/or breastfeeding concerns

The list of ingredients on the informational panel must be in descending order by weight or volume.

Violations

It is important to identify any violations of packaging or labeling requirements. You can file an anonymous complaint against licensed or unlicensed cannabis businesses at https://cannabis.ca.gov/resources/file-complaint/ or visit the QR code.





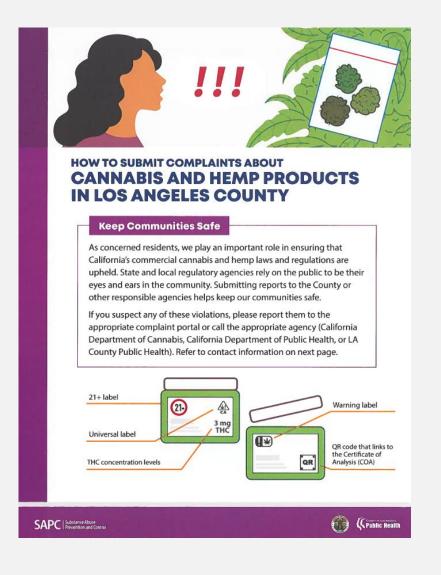














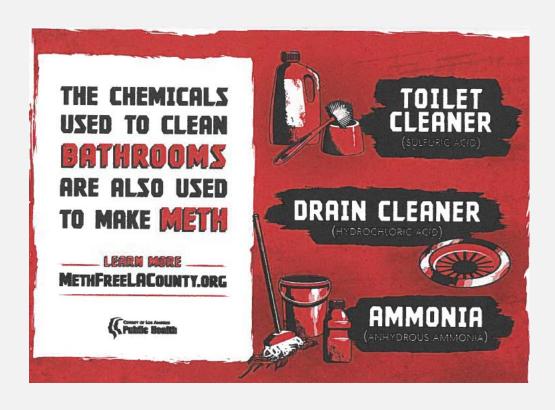


















Requesting Prevention Material



https://forms.office.com/g/e7e2xAzHpe





References

- 1. Los Angeles County Department of Public Health. Health Education Administration. Say It Right the First Time: Using Plain Language to Address Health Literacy
- 2. National Disability Rights Network. https://www.ndrn.org/accessibility-guidelines/
- Prevention Technology Transfer Center Network. What Research Shows Does NOT Work in Substance Misuse Prevention. https://pttcnetwork.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/09/WhatDoesNOTWork 9 2024 FINAL.pdf
- 4. Prevention Standards and Practices Manual. Version 5.0
- 5. SAPC Design Guide. Version 1.0