

Unplanned Pregnancy and Birth Control Usage: Los Angeles Mommy and Baby (LAMB) Survey

Chandra Higgins, M.P.H., Shin M. Chao, Ph.D. Los Angeles County Department of Public Health - Maternal, Child and Adolescent Health Programs



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BACKGROUND

Maternal, Child & Adolesent Health Programs

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

- · The benefits of preconception care are well established.
- A fetus is susceptible to the development of problems during the first 4-10 weeks after conception; because many women are unaware they are pregnant until after this critical period of time they are unable to reduce the risks to their baby's health.
- In Los Angeles County 45% of births in 2014 were either mistimed or unintended.

Percent of Mothers with Mistimed and Unintended Pregnancies by Race/Ethnicity 50 45 40 ల్ల 35 32.0 <u>€</u> 30 a 25 Mistimed un 10 18.6 Unintended ص ط 15 12.9 10 5 0 White Latina African Am Asian/P Native Am./Alaskar Native

Mothers <20

Mistimed Unintended Intended

Mothers 25-34

Mistimed Unintended Intended

We aim to:



 Investigate racial disparities between mistimed and unintended pregnancies in Los Angeles County.

STUDY OBJECTIVES

- · Describe the birth control use among women with unplanned pregnancies (mistimed and unintended).
- Describe the reasons for birth control non-use among women with unplanned pregnancies and how these reasons differ between groups.



3.00

SURVEY QUESTIONS Women were asked: "Thinking back to just before you got pregnant with your new baby. how did you feel about becoming pregnant?".

- · Those who responded they "wanted to be pregnant later" are defined as mistimed.
- · Those who responded they "didn't want to be pregnant then or at any time in the future" were defined as unintended
- "Before you got pregnant with your new baby, were you doing anything to keep from getting pregnant?
- · Yes, all of the time, Yes, sometimes, No
- "What were you or your partner's reasons for not doing anything to keep from getting pregnant?"
- · I didn't mind if I got pregnant, I wanted to have a baby/I was trying to get pregnant, I thought I would not get pregnant then, I had side effects from the birth control method I was using, I had problems getting birth control when I needed it, I thought my partner or I could not get pregnant, My partner did not want to use anything, I could not afford birth control

PUBLIC HEALTH IMPLICATIONS

Encourage men and women to create a reproductive life plan

- · Screen women of reproductive age about their pregnancy intentions at all clinical encounters and offer contraceptive options where appropriate.
- Screen and counsel men and women of reproductive age about risk behaviors, genetic conditions, and infectious and chronic diseases.
- · Educate women on the importance of preconception health during their reproductive years.
- · Discuss the benefit of using LARC (long-acting reversible contraceptives) and discussing Emergency Contraception (EC) Options
- Support the full implementation of the contraceptive coverage requirements of the Affordable Care Act (ACA).
- · Support the maintenance of publicly funded family planning services, which prevent nearly two million unintended pregnancies.
- Support improved access to Emergency Contraception (EC).

 Overall 34% of mothers reported their pregnancy was mistimed and another 11% reported their pregnancy as unintended. Mistimed Unintended Intended

unintended. · Latina mothers were most likely to report that their pregnancy was mistimed.

mistimed pregnancies decreases with mother's · The prevalence of



Mothers 35+

Mothers 20-24



Birth control usage:

- Among mothers, 61% with mistimed pregnancies and 55% with unintended pregnancies, reported not using birth control at the time they became pregnant.
- Approximately 1 in 4 mothers with mistimed and unintended pregnancies reported using birth control "sometimes".

Reasons mothers weren't using birth control:

- · Mother's with mistimed pregnancies most commonly reported that "they didn't mind if they got pregnant" (37%) and "I thought I wouldn't get pregnant" (37%) as the reason for not using birth control.
- · Mother's with unintended pregnancies most commonly reported that "I thought I wouldn't get pregnant" (48%) and "I thought I couldn't get pregnant" (23%) as the reason for not using birth control.



 African American mothers were most likely to report that their

pregnancy was

· The prevalence of

unintended births decreases as mother's age until 35 at which point it increases slightly.

age.

Mistimed Inintended Intended