

OF LOS





Meeting Goals

Provide information on environmental sampling in your community

Answer Questions

Review Next Steps



Environmental Sampling in the City Terrace Community





Why did the County conduct environmental sampling?



Public Works

In 2019, Supervisor Hilda Solis proposed a Board motion that directed the County to take action to reduce environmental hazards near the Eastern Hills Landfills.

• Actions included:

- Expediting the installation of a landfill gas extraction system in the County's portion of the Cogen Landfill.
- Soil vapor and air sampling to evaluate if there are potential health risks to residents living near the Eastern Hills Landfills.

What was the community sampling area?

- The sampling area was identified as the Cogen landfill and properties within 1,000 feet.
- Of 152 households asked, 29 households agreed to outdoor sampling on their properties.
- From August through September 2021, outdoor soil vapor and air samples were collected.



What were the initial sampling results?



Public Works Los Angeles county

- 18 different chemicals were found in the soil vapor samples, but not every chemical was detected on every property.
- Outside all 29 residences, benzene was detected in the soil vapor at levels that warrant additional investigation.
- Methane was not found in community soil samples except for one detection, close to the landfill border at a low level.
- The levels of benzene measured in the soil vapor outside the homes do not generally pose a health risk. However, the initial testing did not indicate whether there is benzene inside the homes.

Where is benzene found?



Public Works

• Common sources of benzene:

• Crude oil, gasoline, cigarette smoke, lubricants, rubber, dyes, paints, glue, detergents, plastics, resins, nylon and synthetic fabrics, and pesticides.

• Where it is found:

- <u>Outdoor air</u> at low levels from cigarette smoke, gas stations, motor vehicle exhaust, and industrial emissions.
- <u>Indoor air</u> at higher levels from glues, paints, furniture off-gassing, detergents, and contamination from outside the house.
- Long term exposure to benzene can cause bone/blood cancers (leukemias).

Based on initial results, more sampling is needed.

- We don't know if benzene is entering the homes.
- We need to do additional sampling to know if benzene, or other chemicals, are still found in the soil outside the homes.
- We need to do indoor air sampling to find out if there is benzene inside the homes and if there is a health risk.





Any Questions?



LA County's next steps.

The County is offering to conduct additional sampling of the 29 properties where sampling was previously performed to determine if benzene is still found outside and if there are potential health risks inside of the homes.

The sampling consists of:

- 1. Indoor Air Sampling
- 2. Outdoor Air Sampling
- 3. Outdoor Soil Vapor Sampling



The County is doing outreach in the Eastern Hills area.

- County staff have been in your community providing residents with their initial sampling results and obtaining signed Access Agreements for additional sampling.
- So far, the County has obtained permission to conduct the additional sampling in 19 homes.
- The County also went door to door to all homes in the sampling area to provide a newsletter on recent activities.





Any Questions?



COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES Public Health

If you agreed to have additional sampling done, here's how to prepare for it.

- Remove household products that could be sources of indoor vapors in your home.
 - Common Examples: Crude oil, gasoline, cigarette smoke, lubricants, rubber, dyes, paints, glue, detergents, plastics, resins, nylon and synthetic fabrics, and pesticides.
 - The County will help you check your house for potential sources of indoor vapors prior to sampling.
- Turn off yard sprinklers prior to outdoor sampling.



What does air sampling look like?

- Indoor and outdoor air sampling involves a small metal canister slowly collecting air over a 24-hour period.
- The sampling device will be picked up on the next day.















What does soil vapor sampling look like?

- Soil vapor sampling involves digging a small hole in an unpaved area and inserting a sampling device that extends 5 feet below the surface.
- The sampling device will collect air in a metal canister over a 30-minute period.
- The sampling device will be picked up, the hole will be filled in, and the area will be restored to its prior condition.





Here's what will happen after the additional sampling is completed and results are evaluated.



- From the time samples are collected, it will take approximately 4 to 6 weeks to get the results to homeowners.
- The County will inform the residents of their individual sampling results as they become available through **March and early April**.
- The County will host another Town Hall in April to discuss results.
- Please sign up to receive information regarding ongoing County efforts.



Thank You

For Additional Information:

- Call (626) 430-9820 M-F 8:00 a.m. 5:00 p.m.
- After-hours, leave a message at (626) 430-9821 and someone will get back to you.
- Email tox@ph.lacounty.gov
- Visit our website: publichealth.lacounty.gov/city_terrace

